	T						
Signal Heading:	POISON						
	KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING						
	READ SALETT DIRECTIONS BEFORE OF ENTING OR OSHNO						
Product Name:	[INSERT HERE]						
	1						
Constituent	500 g/L 2,4-D present as the diethanolamine salt						
Statement:							
	[Applicants if your product contains other scheduled excipients please						
	include these here or delete this text]						
Mode of Action:	GROUP HERBICIDE						
Statement of	[INSERT HERE]						
Claims:							
	THIS IS A PHENOXY HERBICIDE THAT CAN CAUSE SEVERE DAMAGE TO NATIVE						
	VEGETATION AND SUSCEPTIBLE CROPS SUCH AS COTTON, GRAPES, TOMATOES, OILSEED CROPS AND ORNAMENTALS.						
	TOMATOLS, OLISELD CHOTS AND ONNAMENTALS.						
Net Contents:	[INSERT HERE]						
Restraints:	See 'SPRAY DRIFT RESTRAINTS' and 'GENERAL RESTRAINTS' sections. This can						
	be uploaded as an attachment when submitting a label						
Directions For	See 'DIRECTIONS FOR USE' section. This can be uploaded as an attachment						
Use:	when submitting a label						
000.	arien submitting a lase.						
Other	IN TASMANIA, THIS PRODUCT MAY ONLY BE USED FROM 15 APRIL TO 15						
Limitations:	SEPTEMBER UNLESS OTHERWISE PERMITTED BY THE REGISTRAR OF						
	PESTICIDES.						
Withholding	WITHOLDING PERIODS:						
Period:	PASTURE, CEREAL CROPS: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION						
	CROP HARVEST WITHOLDING PERIOD: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS						
	DIRECTED.						
Trade Advice:							
Γ							
General	[INSERT HERE]						
Instructions:							
Resistance	Resistant Weeds Warning						
Warning:	GROUP I HERBICIDE						
	[INSERT PRODUCT NAME] is a member of the Phenoxy group of herbicides.						
	The product has the disruptors of plant cell growth mode of action.						
	For weed resistance management [INSERT PRODUCT NAME] is a Group I						
	herbicide. Some naturally-occurring weed biotypes resistant to [INSERT						
	The state of the s						

PRODUCT NAME] and other Group I herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by [INSERT PRODUCT NAME] or other Group I herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, [INSERT COMPANY NAME] accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of [INSERT PRODUCT NAME] to control resistant weeds.

Precautions:

RE-ENTRY PERIOD

DO NOT hand harvest sugar cane for at least 1 day after application. If re-entering treated areas before the spray has dried, workers should wear overalls, elbow-length gloves and water-resistant footwear. Clothing must be laundered after each day's use.

Protection Statements:

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures.

Avoid spray drift and vapour movement onto susceptible crops such as cotton, tobacco, tomatoes, vines, lupins, fruit trees and ornamentals.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT Very toxic to aquatic life. DO NOT contaminate wetlands or watercourses with this product or used containers.

Storage and Disposal:

[Applicants, please chose from the relevant statements below.]

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL:

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

[Refillable Containers]

Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to the point of supply for refill or storage.

[Metal drums and plastic containers]

Triple-rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point.

If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product.

[Containers accompanied by a leaflet

If a label leaflet is to be used as part of the label for various containers that have different disposal instructions, the following 'Disposal' statement may be shown on the label leaflet in place of the full disposal instructions:]

The method of disposal of the container depends on the container type. Read the 'Storage and disposal' instructions on the label that is attached to the container.

[DrumMUSTER containers]

This container can be recycled if it is clean, dry, free of visible residues and has the drumMUSTER logo visible. Triple-rinse container for disposal. Dispose of rinsate by adding it to the spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemical on site. Wash outside of the container and the cap. Store cleaned container in a sheltered place with cap removed. It will then be acceptable for recycling at any drumMUSTER collection or similar container management program site. The cap should not be replaced, but may be taken separately.

Safety Directions:

Harmful if inhaled or swallowed. Will damage the eyes. Will irritate the skin. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

When opening the container and preparing spray, using undiluted concentrate or applying by hand-held spraying equipment or boomspray equipment with open operator's cab, wear chemical resistant clothing buttoned to the neck and wrist over a layer of normal clothing and a washable hat, elbow-length chemical resistant gloves and full facepiece respirator with organic vapour/gas cartridge or canister.

If applying by aerial spraying equipment, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing) and elbow-length chemical resistant gloves.

If applying by boomspray equipment with enclosed operator's cab and air filtration wear chemical resistant clothing buttoned to the neck and wrist over a layer of normal clothing and a washable hat and elbow-length chemical resistant gloves.

If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water.

If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water.

After use and before eating, drinking or smoking wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water.

After each day's use, wash gloves, respirator and if rubber wash with detergent and warm water and contaminated clothing.

First Aid Instructions:

[Applicants if your product contains other scheduled excipients additional first aid instructions may be required, the first aid instructions given here are for the 2,4-D active only]

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26, New Zealand 0800 764 766.

Restraints

GENERAL RESTRAINTS

DO NOT exceed maximum application rate of 9 L/ha (4500 g ae/ha).

DO NOT apply by spraying equipment carried on the back of the user (Manually pressurised backpack sprayers).

DO NOT apply by aircraft at rates exceeding 3.2 L/ha.

DO NOT apply by hand-held spraying equipment at rates exceeding 5 L/ha or 500 mL/100 L.

DO NOT use open mixing/loading equipment if treating more than 50 hectares in one day.

DO NOT apply if heavy rains or storms are forecast within 3 days.

DO NOT irrigate to the point of runoff for at least 3 days after application.

DO NOT apply if crop or weeds are stressed due to dry or excessively moist conditions.

[Applicants please INSERT additional restraints not covered by the proposed regulatory decision if they are applicable to your product]

SPRAY DRIFT RESTRAINTS

DO NOT apply by a vertical sprayer.

Specific definitions for terms used in this section of the label can be found at www.apvma.gov.au/spraydrift

DO NOT allow bystanders to come into contact with the spray cloud

DO NOT apply in a manner that may cause an unacceptable impact to **native vegetation**, **agricultural crops**, **landscaped gardens** and **aquaculture production**, or cause contamination of plant or livestock commodities, outside the application site from **spray drift**. The **buffer zones** in the relevant buffer zone tables below provide guidance but may not be sufficient in all situations. Wherever possible, correctly use application equipment designed to reduce spray drift and apply when the wind direction is away from these sensitive areas

DO NOT apply unless **the wind speed** is between 3 and 20 kilometres per hour at the **application site** during the time of application.

DO NOT apply if there are **hazardous surface temperature inversion** conditions present at the application site during the time of application. **Surface temperature inversion conditions** exist most evenings one to two hours before sunset and persist until one or two hours after sunrise.

BOOM SPRAYERS

DO NOT apply by a boom sprayer unless the following requirements are met:

• Spray droplets not smaller than a VERY COARSE spray droplet size category

 minimum distances between the application site and downwind sensitive areas (see 'Mandatory buffer zones' section of the following table titled 'Buffer zones for boom sprayers') are observed

Buffer Zones for Boom Sprayers

Application rate (/ha)	Boom Height	Mand	datory buffer zones (distances given in metres)			
	above target	Bystander	Natural	Pollinator	Vegetation	Livestock
	canopy	Areas	Aquatic	Areas	Areas	Areas
			Areas			
Up to 1 L (450 g	0.5m or	Not	10	Not	10	Not
ae/ha)	lower	Required	10	Required	10	Required
	1.0m or		35		35	
	lower		33		33	
Up to 2.3 L (1150 g	0.5m or		30		25	
ae/ha)	lower		30		23	
	1.0m or		60		60	
	lower		00		00	
Up to 3 L (1500 g	0.5m or		30		30	
ae/ha)	lower		30		30	
	1.0m or		75		75	
	lower		/3		/3	
Up to 4.0 L (2000 g	0.5m or		35		35	
ae/ha)	lower		33		33	
	1.0m or		100		95	
	lower		100		93	
Up to 5.5 L (2750 g	0.5m or		45		45	
ae/ha)	lower		43		43	
	1.0m or		130		130	
	lower		130		130	

AIRCRAFT

DO NOT apply by aircraft unless the following requirements are met:

- spray droplets not smaller than a Very Coarse spray droplet size category
- for maximum release height above the target canopy of 3 metres or 25 per cent of wingspan or 25 per cent of rotor diameter, whichever is the greatest, minimum distances between the application site and downwind sensitive areas (see 'Mandatory buffer zones' section of the following table titled 'Buffer zones for aircraft') are observed.

Buffer Zones for Aircraft

Application rate (L/ha)	Aircraft Type	Mandatory buffer zones (distances given in meters)				
		Bystander Areas	Natural Aquatic Areas	Pollinator Areas	Vegetation Areas	Livestock Areas
Up to 1 L (500 g ae/ha)	Fixed Wing	Not	120	Not	120	Not
	Helicopter	Required	85	Required	80	Required
Up to 2.3 L (1150 g ae/ha)	Fixed Wing		190		190	
	Helicopter		130		130	
Up to 3.2 L (1600 g ae/ha)	Fixed Wing		240		230	

Helicopter	160	160	



<u>DIRECTIONS FOR USE: - Applicants if your product is currently approved for additional uses please add to this table, and highlight the changes made. If you do not wish to include all the uses please delete as applicable.</u>

Table 1. Field C	Table 1. Field Crops								
CROP	TARGET WEEDS	STATE	RATE (/ha)	CRITICAL COMMENTS	USAGE RESTRICTIONS				
Wheat	Refer weed	NSW, SA,	400 mL - 2.1	Apply after the first node can be felt at					
	table	ACT only	L	the base of a tiller & before swelling of					
		Vic only	280 mL - 1.7	the head can be felt in a tiller (NSW, SA,					
			L	ACT only).					
		Qld only	700 mL - 1.7	Apply from tillering to boot stage. (Vic					
			L	only)					
		Tas only	1.7 L	Apply from mid tillering to before boot					
Barley		NSW, SA,	400 mL - 2.1l	stage. (Qld only).					
		ACT only							
		Vic only	280 mL - 1.7						
			L						
		Qld only	700 mL - 1.7						
		_	L						
		Tas only	1.7 L						
Cereal Rye,		NSW, SA,	400 mL – 1.7						
Triticale		ACT only	L						
		Vic only	280 mL - 1.7						
Oats		NSW, SA, ACT	400 mL -1 L						
			280 mL – 1 L						
		Vic only Qld only	700 mL – 1.7	1					
		Qid Offiy	L 1.7						
Cereals:	Cape Tulip	WA only	1. 6 L	Apply only at tillering stage					
Wheat, Oats,	Dock, Saffron		1.4 L	DO NOT spray if lucerne is present					
Barley	Thistle			Clover must be at 3-4 leaf stage.					

	Indian Hedge Mustard, London Rocket, Lupin, Rapistrum, Wild Radish Wild Turnip		1 L 800 mL	WEED ST AGE: 10-1 Scm Docks should be sprayed before 5 leaf stage.	
Wheat, Barley	Wild Radish	Vic, SA, NSW, ACT only	100 mL + 850g/ha methabenzth iazuron (700 g/kg)	Spray 2-6 weeks after sowing and not later. Do not use on crops undersown with luceme.	
Fallow, Stubble Spray prior to Direct Drilling or Sowing: Winter Cereals	Refer weed table	Vic only	280 mL -1.7 L	Do not sow within 2 weeks of spraying under wet soil conditions and 3 weeks under dry soil conditions as establishment may be impaired. Can be tank mixed with chlorsulfuron, metsulfuron or paraquat where grasses are present.	USAGE RESTRICTIONS APPLY. See APPENDIX 5: Risk mitigation measures for Dryland cropping, pre-emergent uses
Fallow, Stubble Spray prior to Direct Drilling or Sowing: Winter Cereals, Maize, Sweetcorn, Peanuts		NSW, Qld, NT only	700 mL-2.1 L	For skeleton weed spraying should only be done 6-8 weeks before anticipated sowing date and subsequent cultivation limited to a minimum (NSW only)	USAGE RESTRICTIONS APPLY. See APPENDIX 1: Timing restrictions for spraying peanuts and APPENDIX 5: Risk mitigation measures for Dryland cropping, pre-emergent uses
Maize, Sweetcorn		NSW, SA only	700 mL-1.4 L	Apply when crop is 10-20 cm high and secondary roots are developing for an over the top spray. When crop is between 20 cm high and just before	

1	Ī		ı	
				tasselling, spray with dropped nozzles to
				avoid chemical being sprayed into the
				whorl and on upper leaves.
		Old only	700 mL-1.1 L	Apply when crop is 10-30 cm high and
				secondary roots have developed. Use
				drop nozzles and direct the spray when
				crop exceeds 30 cm in height and before
				tasselling.
		Tas only	1.7 L	Apply when crop is 15-30 cm high. Do not
				spray if the crop is showing signs of
				stress. Some leaf twisting may occur
				following application - crop recovers
				quickly.
Sorghum		NSW, SA, Vic.	700 mL -1.4 L	Apply preferably when crop is at 3-6 fully
		only		expanded leaf stage but can be sprayed
				from 2-8 leaf stage. From 6 leaf stage
				onwards to within 2 weeks of flowering,
				crop can be sprayed with dropped
				nozzles to avoid chemical being sprayed
				into the whorl and on upper leaves.
		Qld only	700 mL-1.1 L	Apply when crop is 10-25cm high and
		(except		secondary roots have developed.
		central Qld)		
Millet		NSW, SA, Vic	700 mL-1.4 L	Spray when secondary roots have
		only		developed, when fully tillered and before
				heads start to form at the base of pillers.
				Do not use on Panarama or Panicum.
Maize,	Cape Tulip,	WA only	1.4 L	Spray when crop is 10-30 cm high and
Sweetcorn,	Dock, Saffron			secondary roots have developed and
Saccaline,	Thistle, Indian			before tasselling. Apply as direct spray to
Broom Millet	Hedge Mustard,			weeds.
	London Rocket,			
	Lupin,			
	-	-	•	

	Rapistrum, Radish				
Grain Sorghum	Wild Turnip			Apply when crop is 12cm high. DO NOT apply between tassel and dough stage. Avoid spraying when in flower.	
Sugar Cane	Bindy Eye (Star Burr), Blue Top, Cobblers Pegs, Fleabanes, Jute, Leucas, Needle Burr, Spear Thistle, Water Primrose, Ipomea Vines, Convolvulus Vines Chinese Mint,	Qld only	2.2 -4.4 L	Add 500 ml of 400 g/L non-ionic surfactant to 100 L of spray mixture. Agitate well. DO NOT USE ON Q63, Q67, Q80 or Q96 VARIETIES.	USAGE RESTRICTIONS APPLY. See APPENDIX 3: timing restrictions for sugar cane
	Blue Snakeweed		4.4 L		
Peanuts	Broadleaf Weeds, except Noogoora Burr, Grasses, except Mossman Burr	Qld, NT only	2.2 or 4.5 L	LOWER RATE: Apply as BAND SPRAY as soon as possible after planting in a 55cm band. HIGHER RATE: Apply as OVERALL SPRAY after planting and before crop emergence. Some crop damage may occur if heavy rain falls between application and crop emergence.	USAGE RESTRICTIONS APPLY. SEE APPENDIX 1: Timing restrictions for spraying peanuts
Harvest Aid or Salvage Spray – Winter Cereals	Dessicate Broadleaf Weeds	Qld only	1.5 - 2 L	Apply after dough stage	
Harvest Aid or Salvage Spray	Refer weed table	Qld, NSW only			

– Maize and			
Sorghum			

CROP	TARGET WEEDS	STATE	RATE (/ha)	CRITICAL COMMENTS	USAGE RESTRICTIONS
Pastures and Non agricultural uses	Refer weed table	NSW, Qld, SA, Tas only	700 mL-2.1 L	Pasture legumes including lucerne, clover and medics may be damaged unless well protected by grasses. Spot spraying is preferred.	USAGE RESTRICTIONS APPLY. See APPENDIX 2: Application and timing restrictions for application to pastures
	Amsinckia, Docks, Bindweed, Caltrop, Flatweed, Spear Thistle, Capeweed, Doublegee, Saffron Thistle, Mustard, Wild Radish, Wild Turnip, Annual Thistles, Paterson's Curse.	WA only	1.4L	For pastures not containing legumes. Only seedling docks, Spear Thistle and Saffron Thistle will be controlled.	
Pastures, Rights of Way & Industrial	Boxthorn, Boneseed, Hawthorn	Vic, SA Only	100mL/10L	Spot spraying. For Boneseed only, thoroughly wet plants or seedlingsNot supported for hand held uses or uses carried on back of user. Maximum hand held rate is 500 mL/100L	

		Undiluted	Apply as an undiluted spray to freshly cut	
			stumps.	
Groundsel	NSW, Qld,	1.2L/15L	MISTING: Lightly wet plants. Not	
1	SA, ACT only	water	supported for hand held uses or uses	
			carried on back of user. Maximum hand	
			held rate is 500 mL/100L	
		400 ml/100 L	HIGH VOLUME: Thoroughly wet plants.	
		water	Only High volume uses are supported	
		300ml/15L	CUT STUMP: Swab the cut stump	
		water	immediately. Apply by pouring can	
			or knapsack spray. Knapsack use must be	
			removed	
		3.6 - 5.5L	AERIAL APPLICATION: Spray when	
			Groundsel is actively growing. Aerial	
			application is no longer supported	
Lantana	NSW, Qld,	400ml/100 L	Use a very coarse spray with sufficient	USAGE RESTRICTIONS APPLY. See Appendix
	SA, ACT only	water	pressure to penetrate canopy and wet	2: Application and timing restrictions for
			stems as well as foliage. Spray at the end	application to pastures.
			of a wet summer (March to May).	
			Defoliation should occur but respraying	
			of new growth will be necessary in	
			following Autumn. Broadcast grass seed	
			and keep stock off following summer to	
			allow the pasture to establish. Damage	
			may result to pasture legumes.	
Mother of	NSW, ACT	500ml/100L	Hand gun <mark>& knapsack only.</mark> A thorough	
Millions	only	water	coverage of leaves and plantlets is	
			necessary.	
			Use a 1000 g/L non-ionic surfactant at the	
			rate of 1.0 ml of surfactant per 1 L of	
			mixture. <mark>Knapsack use must be removed</mark>	

ſ	Noogoora Burr,	QLD only	200 ml/100 L	In all cases apply to young, actively
١	Weir Vine		water	growing weeds, ensuring thorough
((Ipomea)			coverage.
7	Annual &		400 ml/100 L	
	Perennial		water	* Spray rosette stage
F	Pigweed,			⁺ Repeat spraying necessary
1	Artichoke			
7	Thistle, Bathurst			
6	Burr, Billygoat			
١	Weed, Blue			
9	Snake Weed,			
E	Burr Medic,			
(Clockweed*,			
F	Fleabanes,			
(Galvanised Burr,			
H	Hemlock, Hoary			
(Cress⁺, Kyalinga			
١	Weed, (Whisker			
(Grass),			
ŀ	Knobweed,			
ſ	Milky Cotton			
	Bushes,			
F	Parthenium			
١	Weed,			
F	Paterson's			
	Curse, Saffron			
7	Thistle, Star			
E	Burr,			
1	Thornapple,			
	Variegated			
	Thistle.			
F	Rubber Vine		200mL/10L	Apply to freshly cut stump.

Table 3. Pastures – Spray/ Graze Techniques

<u>Precaution</u>: An increased quantity of poisonous plants may be eaten by stock using spray-graze e.g. Caltrop, Capeweed, Paterson's Curse and Variegated Thistle and deaths could result from causes such as nitrate poisoning. With Paterson's Curse, preferably graze stock soon destined for slaughter and avoid extended period of grazing. Avoid grazing with young or breeding stock. Do not graze horses or pigs on Paterson's Curse.

Pat	erson's Curs	e		
TARGET WEEDS	STATE	RATE (/ha)	CRITICAL COMMENTS	USAGE RESTRICTIONS
Amsinkia, Thistles,	SA only	700 mL	Apply from 6 weeks after opening rains in autumn until	USAGE RESTRICTIONS APPLY. See Appendix 2:
Capeweed,			the end of August. Seven days after spraying stock	Application and timing restrictions for
Doublegee, Mustard			paddock at 4-5 times normal rate, preferably with	application to pastures.
Paterson's Curse,			sheep. Maintain this level of grazing for 6 weeks or until	
Wild Turnip, Wild			pasture shows signs of over grazing. Then return to	
Radish, Docks,			normal stocking levels. Use high stocking rates in	
Geranium, Erodium.			following Spring to prevent weeds from flowering.	
Annual Thistles,	Vic only		Repeat treatments may be required for 2-3 years for	
Capeweed,			complete control.	
Doublegee,				
Mustards, Paterson's	;			
Curse, Turnip,				
Saffron Thistle, Spea	-			
Thistle				
Amsinckia, Docks	WA	750 mL		
(seedling only),	Only			
Capeweed,				
Doublegee, Mustard				
Wild Radish, Wild				
Turnip, Paterson's				
Curse, Annual				
Thistles,		1.5.1	Apply to Coffee Thistle at the and of Conton househors	
Spear Thistle, Saffror		1.5 L	Apply to Saffron Thistle at the end of September when	
Thistle			plants are running up to flower. Sub-clovers may be	
			damaged at this rate and use is not recommended for	
L			all medic pastures.	

Docks	Vic Only	1.4 L	Apply in September only and follow other
			recommendations above
Caltrop, Capeweed,	NSW,	350 ml - 1.4 L	Spray actively growing 6-8 week old weeds. Introduce
Charlock, Mustard,	ACT only		stock 7-10 days after spraying preferably sheep (cattle
Paterson's Curse,			are less effective). Stocking rate should be at least 5
Shepherds Purse,			times heavier than normal until weeds have been
Saffron, Slender,			reduced, but before survival of desirable pasture
Spear or Variegated			species is threatened. Lucerne and Medics may be
Thistle, Turnip			damaged and should be gazed short before spraying.
Weed, Wild Radish,			Other legumes may be affected.
Wild Turnip.			

Table 5. C	Other uses					
	CROP/SITUATIO N	TARGET WEEDS	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS	USAGE RESTRICTIONS
	Lawns	Refer to weed table	QLD only WA only	2-4 mL/1 L water 50 mL/100L	Wet foliage thoroughly.	USAGE RESTRICTIONS APPLY. See APPENDIX 4: Application restrictions for TURF
Spot spraying	High Volume Spraying	Refer to weed table	all states	150 L of water Each 150 L of r m ² (1/10 th ha)	rate on weed table to mix will cover 1000 e.g. if rate in weed se 140 mL/150 L	Rate must not exceed the equivalent of 500 mL/100 L
	Knapsack application	Refer to weed table	All states	to 10 L of water Each 10 L of m (1/100th ha) e table is 1.4 L u	of rate on weed table er. hix will cover 100m2 h.g. if rate in weed se 14 mL/10 L water. hust be removed	

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

WEED TABLE:

[Please provide a Weed table for your product. Note that any weed requiring a rate greater than 9 L/ha (4500 g ae/ha) will not be supported.]

Plant Back Days

CROP/RATES	Up to 700 mL/ha	700 mL-1.4 L/ha	1.4 L/ha – 2.1 L/ha
Balansa Clover	7	7	10
Barley %	1	1	3
Chickpeas #	7	14	21
Cotton	10	14	21
Faba Beans	7	7	10
Field Peas	7	14	14
Lentils	7	7	10
Linseed	7	7	14
Lucerne	7	7	10
Lupins +	7	14	21
Medic	7	7	10
Narbon Beans	7	7	10
Navy beans	10	10	14
Oats	3	3	7
Perennial Ryegrass	7	7	10
Persian Clover	7	7	10
Phalaris	7	7	10
Canola/Rapeseed #	14	21	28
Rice	7	7	14
Safflower #	7	14	21
Sorghum @	3	7	10
Soybean	14	14	21
Sub Clover	7	7	10
Sunflower @	7	10	14
Triticale %	1	3	7
Vetch	7	7	10
Wheat %	1	3	7
White Clover	7	7	10

IMPORTANT

WHEN APPLIED TO DRY SOILS AT LEAST 15mm (1/2 inch) OF RAIN MUST FALL PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE PLANT BACK PERIOD.

Notes:

% In Queensland, no rainfall is required to fall prior to commencement of Plant Back Period for Wheat, Barley and Triticale.

In Queensland, planting of Canola / Rapeseed, Chickpeas and Safflower must be delayed for at least 14 days following rainfall of at least 15 mm.

@ In Central Queensland, when using 1 L/ha or less of [INSERT PRODUCT NAME], the Plant Back Period for Sorghum and Sunflower is 1 day irrespective of rainfall.

* In WA the Plant Back Period for Lupins at all rates is 28 days.

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Timing and Usage Restriction Appendices

Situation	Rate (L/ha)	Region	Timing Restriction	
			DO NOT APPLY DURING THE MONTHS	
Broadcast	Up to 1.8	Cape York	October and November	
spraying, prior	L/ha	Northern Gulf	October and November	
to sowing		Northern Territory	October and November	
(peanuts)		Wet Tropics	No timing restrictions	
		Burdekin	October	
		Mackay/Whitsunday	September to December	
		Mary/Burnett	October to November	
		SE Queensland	August to May	
	Up to 2.1	Cape York	October and November	
	L/ha	Northern Gulf	October and November	
		Northern Territory	October and November	
		Wet Tropics	No timing restrictions	
		Burdekin	October	
		Mackay/Whitsunday	August to December	
		Mary/Burnett	September to November	
		SE Queensland	Use not supported	
Band spraying,	Up to 2.2	Queensland dryland	No timing restrictions	
post-sowing	L/ha	Cape York	No timing restrictions	
pre-emergence		Northern Gulf	October and November	
(peanuts)		Northern Territory	October and November	
		Wet Tropics	No timing restrictions	
		Burdekin	No timing restrictions	
		Mackay/Whitsunday	No timing restrictions	
		Mary/Burnett	No timing restrictions	
		SE Queensland	October to January	
Broadcast	Up to 4.5	Queensland dryland	June to August	
spray, post-	L/ha	Cape York	October and November	
sowing pre-		Northern Gulf	October and November	
emergence		Northern Territory	October and November	
(peanuts)		Wet Tropics	October to December	
(DO NOT		Burdekin	September and October	
EXCEED 3.2		Mackay/Whitsunday	August to December	
L/ha by aerial		Mary/Burnett	April to January	
application)		SE Queensland	Use not supported	

DO NOT apply above maximum rate (L/ha) below OR label rate, whichever is LOWEST						
	<u>State</u>	Summer	<u>Autumn</u>	<u>Winter</u>	Spring	
_	Queensland & NT	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	
Pastures (prior	New South Wales & ACT	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	
to sowing, conservation	Victoria	0.7	2.1	6.4	2.1	
tillage)	Tasmania	0.7	1.6	4.4	2.1	
tiliage)	South Australia	1.4	2.1	6.4	4.4	
	Western Australia	2.1	4.4	6.4	4.4	
					-	
	<u>State</u>	Summer	<u>Autumn</u>	<u>Winter</u>	Spring	
	Queensland & NT	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	
Destunes	New South Wales & ACT	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	
Pastures (established)	Victoria	1.2	2.4	9.0	4.5	
	Tasmania	0.8	2.1	6.4	4.0	
	South Australia	1.8	4.0	9.0	6.4	
	Western Australia	4.5	6.4	9.0	6.4	

		tions for spraying SUGA	NCAINL	
Situation	Rate	Region	Timing Restriction	
	(L/ha)			
			DO NOT APPLY DURING THE MONTHS	
(DO NOT	Up to 2.2	Wet Tropics	No timing restriction	
EXCEED 3.2 L/ha by aerial	L/ha	Burdekin	No timing restriction	
		Mackay/Whitsunday	October to November	
		Mary/Burnett	October to November	
application)		Northern NSW	No timing restriction	
	Up to 4.4	Wet Tropics	October to December	
	L/ha	Burdekin	September to October	
		Mackay/Whitsunday	August to December	
		Mary/Burnett	April to January	
		Northern NSW	October to November	

Appendix 4: Application restrictions for TURF DO NOT apply above maximum rate (L/ha) below OR label rate, whichever is LOWEST			
	State	Rate (L/ha)	
	Queensland & NT	4	
Turf	New South Wales & ACT	4	
	Victoria	3.2	
	Tasmania	3.2	

South Australia	3.2
Western Australia	5

If applying to golf courses in Tasmania, DO NOT apply to fairways adjacent to natural water bodies.

Appendix 5: Risk mitigation measures for Dryland cropping, pre-emergent uses			
Situation	Risk mitigation measures		
Dryland cropping,	Only apply in no-till farming systems (Tasmania, South Australia)		
Preparatory spray			
Winter cereals, pre-	Only apply in no-till farming systems (Tasmania, South Australia,		
emergence uses	Western Australia)		
Summer cereals, pre-	Only coulty in the till formains explana (Topponia Courth Australia)		
emergent uses	Only apply in no-till farming systems (Tasmania, South Australia)		