Signal Heading:	POISON
	KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
	READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING
[T ************************************
Product Name:	[INSERT HERE]
Constituent	800 g/kg 2,4-D present as the dimethylamine salt
Statement:	[Applicants if your product contains other scheduled excipients please
	include these here or delete this text]
	include these here of defete this text]
Mode of Action:	GROUP HERBICIDE
111040 01710110111	TENSIONE .
Statement of	[INSERT HERE]
Claims:	
	THIS IS A PHENOXY HERBICIDE THAT CAN CAUSE SEVERE DAMAGE TO NATIVE
	VEGETATION AND SUSCEPTIBLE CROPS SUCH AS COTTON, GRAPES,
	TOMATOES, OILSEED CROPS AND ORNAMENTALS.
Net Contents:	[INSERT HERE]
Restraints:	See 'SPRAY DRIFT RESTRAINTS' and 'GENERAL RESTRAINTS' sections. This can
	be uploaded as an attachment when submitting a label
Directions For	See 'DIRECTIONS FOR USE' section. This can be uploaded as an attachment
Use:	when submitting a label
Other	IN TASMANIA, THIS PRODUCT MAY ONLY BE USED FROM 15 APRIL TO 15
Limitations:	SEPTEMBER UNLESS OTHERWISE PERMITTED BY THE REGISTRAR OF
	PESTICIDES.
Withholding	WITHOLDING PERIODS:
Period:	PASTURE, CEREAL CROPS: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 7
	DAYS AFTER APPLICATION
	CROP HARVEST WITHOLDING PERIOD: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS
	DIRECTED.
Trade Advice:	
· ·	
General	[INSERT HERE]
Instructions:	
Desistance	Posistant Woods Warning
Resistance	Resistant Weeds Warning GROUP I HERBICIDE
Warning:	GNOOF I HENDICIDE
	[INSERT PRODUCT NAME] is a member of the Phenoxy group of herbicides.
	The product has the disruptors of plant cell growth mode of action.
	p. 2 3 3 5 1 1 3 5 1 4 5 1 5 1 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	For weed resistance management [INSERT PRODUCT NAME] is a Group I
	herbicide. Some naturally-occurring weed biotypes resistant to [INSERT]
	nerbicide. Some naturally-occurring weed biotypes resistant to miseri

PRODUCT NAME] and other Group I herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by [INSERT PRODUCT NAME] or other Group I herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, [INSERT COMPANY NAME] accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of [INSERT PRODUCT NAME] to control resistant weeds.

Precautions:

RE-ENTRY PERIOD

DO NOT hand harvest sugar cane for at least 1 day after application. If re-entering treated areas before the spray has dried, workers should wear overalls, elbow-length gloves and water-resistant footwear. Clothing should be laundered after each days each

Protection Statements:

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT spray cereals if lucerne is present.

DO NOT spray crops or weeds outside the stages indicated in "Critical Comments" as damage, loss of yield or inadequate weed control may result. DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants, crops, cropping lands or pastures.

Avoid spray drift and vapour movement onto susceptible crops such as cotton, tobacco, tomatoes, vines, lupins, fruit trees and ornamentals.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT Very toxic to aquatic life. DO NOT contaminate wetlands or watercourses with this product or used containers.

Storage and Disposal:

[Applicants, please chose from the relevant statements below.]

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL:

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

[Refillable containers]

Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to [point of supply/designated collection point/other specific collection details] for refill or storage.

[Metal drums and plastic containers]

Triple-rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point.

If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant

local, state or territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product.

[Containers accompanied by a leaflet

If a label leaflet is to be used as part of the label for various containers that have different disposal instructions, the following 'Disposal' statement may be shown on the label leaflet in place of the full disposal instructions:]

The method of disposal of the container depends on the container type. Read the 'Storage and disposal' instructions on the label that is attached to the container.

[drumMUSTER containers]

This container can be recycled if it is clean, dry, free of visible residues and has the drumMUSTER logo visible. Triple-rinse container for disposal. Dispose of rinsate by adding it to the spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemical on site. Wash outside of the container and the cap. Store cleaned container in a sheltered place with cap removed. It will then be acceptable for recycling at any drumMUSTER collection or similar container management program site. The cap should not be replaced, but may be taken separately.

[Paper or cardboard containers and paper material bags] Shake and empty contents into spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. Break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product.

[Plastic and foil bags]

Single-rinse or shake remainder into spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. Puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product.

Safety Directions:

Poisonous if inhaled or swallowed. Corrosive to the eyes and skin. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Will irritate the nose and throat. Do not inhale vapour or spray mist.

When opening the container and preparing spray, wear protective waterproof clothing over a layer of normal clothing, elbow-length chemical resistant gloves, impervious footwear and goggles and half face piece respirator with organic vapour/gas cartridge or canister or full facepiece respirator.

When using the prepared spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat and elbow-length chemical resistant gloves.

If applying by hand wear half facepiece respirator with organic vapour/gas cartridge or canister. If clothing becomes contaminated with product remove clothing immediately. If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water.

If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water.

After use and before eating, drinking or smoking wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water.

After each day's use, wash gloves, goggles, respirator (and if rubber wash with detergent and warm water) and contaminated clothing.

First Aid Instructions:

[Applicants if your product contains other scheduled excipients additional first aid instructions may be required, the first aid instructions given here are for the 2,4-D active only]

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26, New Zealand 0800 764 766.



Restraints

GENERAL RESTRAINTS

DO NOT exceed maximum application rate of 5.6 kg/ha (4500 g ae/ha).

DO NOT exceed the maximum daily application rate by backpack spraying of 5 kg/day.

DO NOT apply if heavy rains or storms are forecast within 3 days.

DO NOT irrigate to the point of runoff for at least 3 days after application.

DO NOT apply if crop or weeds are stressed due to dry or excessively moist conditions.

[Applicants please INSERT additional restraints not covered by the proposed regulatory decision if they are applicable to your product]

SPRAY DRIFT RESTRAINTS

DO NOT apply by a vertical sprayer.

Specific definitions for terms used in this section of the label can be found at www.apvma.gov.au/spraydrift

DO NOT allow bystanders to come into contact with the spray cloud.

DO NOT apply in a manner that may cause an **unacceptable impact** to **native vegetation**, **agricultural crops**, **landscaped gardens** and **aquaculture production**, or cause contamination of plant or livestock commodities, outside the application site from **spray drift**. The **buffer zones** in the relevant buffer zone tables below provide guidance but may not be sufficient in all situations. Wherever possible, correctly use application equipment designed to reduce spray drift and apply when the wind direction is away from these sensitive areas.

DO NOT apply unless the **wind speed** is between 3 and 20 kilometres per hour at the **application site** during the time of application.

DO NOT apply if there are **hazardous surface temperature inversion** conditions present at the **application site** during the time of application. **Surface temperature inversion conditions** exist most evenings one to two hours before sunset and persist until one to two hours after sunrise.

BOOM SPRAYERS

DO NOT apply by a boom sprayer unless the following requirements are met:

- Spray droplets are not smaller than a VERY COARSE spray droplet size category
- Minimum distances between the application site and downwind sensitive areas (see
 'Mandatory buffer zones' section of the following table titled 'Buffer zones for boom sprayers')
 are observed.

Buffer Zones for Boom Sprayers

Application rate (/ha)	Boom Height	Mandatory buffer zones (distances given in metres)				
	above target canopy	Bystande r Areas	Natural Aquatic Areas	Pollinator Areas	Vegetation Areas	Livestock Areas
Up to 225 g (180 g ae/ha)	0.5m or lower	Not Required	Not required	Not Required	Not required	Not Required

	1.0m or lower	15	15	
Up to 625 g (500 g ae/ha)	0.5m or lower	10	10	
	1.0m or lower	35	35	
Up to 900 g (720 g ae/ha)	0.5m or lower	20	15	
	1.0m or lower	45	45	
Up to 1.35 kg (1080 g ae/ha)	0.5m or lower	25	25	
	1.0m or lower	60	60	
Up to 2.8 kg (2160 g ae/ha)	0.5m or lower	40	35	
	1.0m or lower	110	110	

DO NOT apply by aircraft unless the following requirements are met:

- Spray droplets are no smaller than a VERY COARSE spray droplet size category
- For maximum release heights above the target canopy of 3 metres or 25 per cent of wingspan or 25 per cent of rotor diameter whichever is the greatest, minimum distances between the application site and downwind sensitive areas (see the table titled 'Buffer zones for aircraft in the 'Mandatory buffer zones' section below).

Buffer Zones for Aircraft

Application rate (/ha)	Aircraft Type	Mandatory buffer zones (distances given in metres)					
		Bystande	Natural	Pollinator	Vegetation	Livestock	
		r Areas	Aquatic	Areas	Areas	Areas	
			Areas				
Up to 225 g (180 g	Fixed Wing	Not	50	Not	50	Not	
ae/ha)	Helicopter	Required	45	Required	40	Required	
Up to 625 g (500 g	Fixed Wing		110		110		
ae/ha)	Helicopter		80		80		
Up to 900 g (720 g	Fixed Wing		140		140		
ae/ha)	Helicopter		100		95		
Up to 1.35 kg (1080 g	Fixed Wing		180		180		
ae/ha)	Helicopter		130		120		
Up to 2.8 kg (2160 g	Fixed Wing		300		300		
ae/ha)	Helicopter		200		190		

DIRECTIONS FOR USE – Applicants if your product is currently approved for additional uses please add to this table, and highlight the changes made. If you do not wish to include all the uses please delete as applicable.

Table 1. Pre sow	Table 1. Pre sowing: FALLOWS, STUBBLE SPRAY PRIOR TO DIRECT DRILLING OR SOWING								
CROP	TARGET WEEDS	STATE	RATE (/ha)	CRITICAL COMMENTS	USAGE RESTRICTIONS				
Winter cereals	Refer weed table	Vic only	250 g-1 kg	Observe plant back periods given in the table on this leaflet. Can be mixed with	USAGE RESTRICTIONS APPLY: See APPENDIX 1: Timing restrictions for				
Winter Cereals and Peanuts	table	NSW, ACT, Qld only	400 g-1.3 kg	chlorsulfuron 750 g/kg or paraquat 250g/L where grasses are present. For Skeleton weed, spraying should only be done 6-8 weeks before anticipated sowing date and subsequent cultivation limited to a minimum.	spraying peanuts and APPENDIX 5: Risk mitigation measures for Dryland cropping, pre-emergent uses.				

Table 2. Post s	Table 2. Post sowing and post-emergence uses								
CROP	TARGET WEEDS	STATE	RATE (/ha)	CRITICAL COMMENTS	USAGE RESTRICTIONS				
Wheat	Refer weed table	NSW, ACT, SA only Vic only Qld only Tas only	250 g-1.3 kg 250 g-1.1 kg 400 g-1.1 kg 1.1 kg	Apply after the first node can be felt at the base of a tiller and before swelling of the head can be felt in a tiller (NSW, SA only). Apply from tillering to boot stage (Vic only).					
Barley		NSW, ACT, SA only Vic only Qld only Tas only	250 g-1.1 kg 250 g-1.1 kg 400 g-1.1 kg 1.1 kg	Apply from mid tillering to before boot stage (Qld only). Apply from the 5 leaf to fully tillered (Tas only).					
Cereal Rye, Triticale		NSW, ACT, SA only	250 g-1.1 kg						

		Vic only	250 g-1.1 kg	
Oats		NSW, ACT, SA only	250-600 g	
		Vic only	250-600 g	
Cereals:	Cape Tulip	WA only	500 g-1 kg/	Apply from the 5 leaf stage up to
Wheat, Oats, Barley	Dock, Saffron Thistle		900 g	jointing stage (Z15-33). Apply after the 6 leaf stage (Z16) for Cranbrook,
	Indian Hedge Mustard, London Rocket, Lupin, Rapistrum, Wild Radish		600 g	Jjacup, Aroona and Spear wheat and Mortlock oats to avoid possible damage. DO NOT spray if lucerne is present. WEED STAGE: 10-15cm. Docks should
	Wild Turnip		500 g	be sprayed before 5 leaf stage. Cape tulip - low rate for cormils only.
	Capeweed, Double Gee, Erodium, London Rocket, Lupin, Mustard, Rapistrum, Wild Radish, Wild Turnip		160 g + 500mL/ha Diuron (500g/L)	Apply when crop has 4-5 leaves and most weeds have germinated and are in 2-5 leaf stage. Crop and weeds should be dry at time of application. Some temporary yellowing of crop may occur after application. Undersown subclovers may be slightly retarded. DO NOT apply to undersown medics.
Millet	Refer weed table	NSW, ACT, SA, Vic only Qld only	400-900 g 400-700 g	Spray when secondary roots have developed, when fully tillered and before heads start to form at the base of the tillers. DO NOT use on Panorama millet or Panicum.
Saccaline, Broom Millet, Millet	Cape Tulip, Dock, Saffron Thistle, Indian Hedge Mustard, London Rocket, Lupin,	WA only	900 g	Spray when crop is 10-30 cm high and secondary roots have developed and before tasselling. Apply as direct spray to weeds.

	Rapistrum, Radish, Wild Turnip				
Sugar Cane	Bindi- eye (Star Burr), Blue Top, Cobbler's Pegs, Fleabanes, Jute, Leucas, Needle Burr, Spear Thistle, Water Primrose, Ipomea vines, Convolvulus vines Chinese Mint, Blue Snakeweed	Qld, NSW only	1.4 - 2.8 kg	Add 175-350 mL of a non-ionic surfactant (900 g/L) /100L of spray mixture. Agitate well. DO NOT use on Q63, Q67, Q80 or Q96 Varieties.	USAGE RESTRICTIONS APPLY: See APPENDIX 3: timing restrictions for sugar cane
Peanuts	Broadleaf weeds; except Noogoora Burr. Grasses; except Mossman Burr	Qld, NT only	1.4 or 2.8 kg	LOWER RATE: Apply as BAND SPRAY as soon as possible after planting in a 55cm band. HIGHER RATE: Apply as OVERALL SPRAY after planting and before crop emergence. Some crop damage may occur if heavy rain falls between application and crop emergence.	USAGE RESTRICTIONS APPLY: See APPENDIX 1: Timing restrictions for spraying peanuts

Table 3. Pastures	and non-agricultui	ral use			
CROP	TARGET WEEDS	STATE	RATE (/ha)	CRITICAL COMMENTS	USAGE RESTRICTIONS

Pastures and	Refer weed	NSW, ACT,	400 g-1.3 kg	Pasture legumes including lucerne,	USAGE RESTRICTIONS APPLY: See
Non-	table	Qld, SA, Tas		clovers and medics may be damaged	APPENDIX 2: Application and timing
Agricultural		only		unless well protected by grasses. Spot	restrictions for application to pastures
				spraying is preferred.	
	Amsinckia,	WA only	900 g	For pastures not containing legumes.	
	Docks,			Only seedling Docks, Spear Thistle and	
	Bindweed,			Saffron Thistle will be controlled.	
	Caltrop,				
	Flatweed, Spear				
	Thistle,				
	Capeweed,				
	Doublegee,				
	Saffron Thistle,				
	Mustard, Wild				
	Radish, Wild				
	Turnip, Annual				
	Thistles,				
	Paterson's				
	curse.				
	Afghan Melons		1.3 kg plus	Spray when plants are actively growing	
			1% crop oil	preferably before flowering or vining.	
	Paddy Melons		600-900 g		
			,		
	Prickly Saltwort		1.3 kg	Spray when plants are small.	
	(Roly Poly)				
	Stinkwort		1.3-2.5 kg	Best results are obtained when plants are	
			plus	small. Use high rate on larger plants.	
			surfactant		
	Dove Weed		2.5 kg		

Pastures, Rights of Way and Industrial	Boxthorn, Boneseed, Hawthorn	Vic, SA only	500 g/100 L water	Spot Spraying: For Boneseed only, thoroughly wet plants or seedlings.
industrial	пажитотт		1 kg in 1.6 L water	Apply to freshly cut stumps.
	Groundsel	NSW, ACT, Qld, SA	500 g/10 L water	MISTING: Lightly wet plants.
		only	250 g/100 L water	HIGH VOLUME: Thoroughly wet plants.
			125 g/10 L water	CUT STUMP: Swab the cut stump within one hour of cutting. Apply by a pouring can or knapsack spray.
			2.3-3.4 kg	AERIAL APPLICATION: Spray when Groundsel is actively growing.
	Lantana	NSW, ACT, Qld, SA only	250 g/100 L water	Use a very coarse spray with sufficient pressure to penetrate canopy and wet stems as well as foliage. Spray at the end of a wet Summer (March to May). Defoliation should occur but respraying of new growth will be necessary in following Autumn. Broadcast grass seed and keep stock off following Summer to allow the pasture to establish. Damage may result to pasture legumes.
	Mother of millions	NSW only	300 g/100 L water	Hand gun and Knapsack only. A thorough coverage of leaves and plantlets is necessary. Use a non-ionic surfactant 1000 g/L at the rate of 1 mL of surfactant/1 L of mixture.

Noogoora Burr,	Qld only	250 g/100 L	In all cases apply to young, actively
Weir Vine		water	growing weeds, ensuring thorough
(Ipomea)			coverage.
		0.70 /1.00 :	^ Spray rosette stage.
Annual and		250 g/100 L	Repeat spraying necessary.
Perennial		water	mepearepraying meessary.
Pigweed,			
Artichoke			
Thistle, Bathurst			
Burr, Billygoat			
Weed, Blue			
Snakeweed,			
Burr Medic,			
Clockweed^,			
Fleabanes,			
Galvanised Burr,			
Hemlock, Hoary			
Bress [●] , Kyalinga			
Weed (Whisker			
Grass),			
Knobweed,			
Milky Cotton			
Bushes,			
Parthenium			
Weed,			
Paterson's			
Curse, Saffron			
Thistle, Star			
Burr,			
Thornapple,			
Variegated			
Thistle^			

	Rubber Vine		125 g/10 L water	Apply to freshly cut stump.
Conservation Tillage - Direct Drilling, Surface Sowing or Fallow Maintenance	Charlock, Mustards, Shepherd's Purse, Saffron, Slender, Spear and Variegated Thistles, Turnip Weed, Wild Radish, Wild Turnip Clover, Sorrel	All states	900 g + 280- 400g/ha Dicamba 500g/L	Apply to actively growing young plants before sowing. Observe plant back periods given in the table on this leaflet. Apply to actively growing plants in Autumn. DO NOT sow pasture seed for at least 30 days after application.

Table 4. Pastures – Spray/ Graze Techniques

<u>Precaution</u>: An increased quantity of poisonous plants may be eaten by stock using spray-graze eg Caltrop, Capeweed, Paterson's Curse and Variegated Thistle and deaths could result from causes such as nitrate poisoning. With Paterson's Curse, preferably graze stock soon destined for slaughter and avoid extended period of grazing. Avoid grazing with young or breeding stock. Do not graze horses or pigs on Paterson's Curse.

extended period of Stating. The did Stating of State and State Horses of plas of that actions agree.						
TARGET WEEDS	STATE	RATE (/ha)	CRITICAL COMMENTS	USAGE RESTRICTIONS		
Amsinckia, Thistles,	SA only	400 g	Apply from 6 weeks after opening rains in Autumn until the end	USAGE RESTRICTIONS APPLY. See		
Capeweed, Double			of August. Seven days after spraying stock paddock at 4-5 times	Appendix 2: Application and timing		
Gee, Mustard,			normal rate, preferably with sheep. Maintain this level of	restrictions for application to		
Paterson's Curse, Wild			grazing for 6 weeks or until pasture shows signs of over grazing.	pastures		
Turnip, Wild Radish,			Then return to normal stocking levels. Use high stocking rates			
Docks, Geranium,			in following Spring to prevent weeds from flowering. Repeat			
Erodium			treatments may be required for 2-3 years for complete control.			
Annual Thistles,	Tas, Vic					
Capeweed, Double	only					

Gee, Mustards, Paterson's Curse, Turnip, Saffron thistle, Spear thistle			
Amsinckia, Docks (seedling only), Capeweed, Double Gee, Mustard, Wild Radish, Wild Turnip, Paterson's Curse, Annual Thistles	WA only	500 g	
Spear Thistle, Saffron Thistle		900 g	Apply to saffron thistle at the end of September when plants are running up to flower. Sub-clovers may be damaged at this rate and use is not recommended for all medic pastures.
Melons		1.3kg/ha + 1% oil	Heavy stocking on young plants sprayed with 650 g/ha provides effective control.
Docks	Vic only	900 g	Apply in September only and follow other recommendations above.
Caltrop, Capeweed, Charlock, Mustards, Paterson's Curse, Shepherd's Purse, Saffron, Slender, Spear or Variegated Thistle, Turnip Weed, Wild Radish, Wild Turnip	NSW only	250- 900g/ha	Spray actively growing 6-8 week old weeds. Introduce stock 7-10 days after spraying, preferably sheep (cattle are less effective). Stocking rate should be at least 5 times heavier than normal until weeds have been reduced, but before survival of desirable pasture species is threatened. Lucerne and medics may be damaged and should be grazed short before spraying. Other legumes may be affected.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

Weed Table

[Please provide a weed table for your product. Note that any weed requiring a rate greater than 5.6 L/ha (4500 g ae/ha) will not be supported.]

Plant Back Days

CROP/Rates	Up to 400 g/ha	400-900 g/ha	900 g-1.3 kg/ha
Balansa Clover	7	7	10
Barley %	1	1	3
Chickpeas #	7	14	21
Cotton	10	14	21
Faba Beans	7	7	10
Field Peas	7	14	14
Lentils	7	7	10
Linseed	7	7	14
Lucerne	7	7	10
Lupins +	7	14	21
Medic	7	7	10
Narbon beans	7	7	10
Navybean	10	10	14
Oats	3	3	7
Perennial Ryegrass	7	7	10
Persian Clover	7	7	10
Phalaris	7	7	10
Canola / Rapeseed #	14	21	28
Rice	7	7	14
Safflower #	7	14	21
Sorghum @	3	7	10
Soybean	14	14	21
Sub-clover	7	7	10
Sunflower @	7	10	14
Triticale %	1	3	7
Vetch	7	7	10
Wheat %	1	3	7
White clover	7	7	10

IMPORTANT:

WHEN APPLIED TO DRY SOILS AT LEAST 15 mm (1/2 inch) OF RAIN MUST FALL PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE PLANT BACK PERIOD.

NOTES:

% In Queensland, no rainfall is required to fall prior to commencement of Plant Back Period for Wheat, Barley and Triticale.

In Queensland, planting of Canola/Rapeseed, Chickpeas and Safflower must be delayed for at least 14 days following rainfall of at least 15mm.

@ In Central Queensland, when using 625 g/ha or less of [INSERT PRODUCT NAME], the Plant Back Period for Sorghum and Sunflower is 1 day irrespective of rainfall.

+ In WA the Plant Back Period for Lupins at all rates is 28 days.

Timing and Usage Restriction Appendices

Situation	Rate (kg/ha)	Region	Timing Restriction
	(1.8)		
			DO NOT APPLY DURING THE
			MONTHS
Broadcast	Up to 1.1	Cape York	October and November
spraying,	kg/ha	Northern Gulf	October and November
prior to		Northern Territory	October and November
sowing		Wet Tropics	No timing restrictions
(peanuts)		Burdekin	October
		Mackay/Whitsunday	September to December
		Mary/Burnett	October to November
		SE Queensland	August to May
	Up to 1.35	Cape York	October and November
	kg/ha	Northern Gulf	October and November
		Northern Territory	October and November
		Wet Tropics	No timing restrictions
		Burdekin	October
		Mackay/Whitsunday	August to December
		Mary/Burnett	September to November
		SE Queensland	Use not supported
Band	Up to 1.35	Queensland dryland	No timing restrictions
spraying,	kg/ha	Cape York	No timing restrictions
post-sowing		Northern Gulf	October and November
pre-		Northern Territory	October and November
emergence		Wet Tropics	No timing restrictions
(peanuts)		Burdekin	No timing restrictions
		Mackay/Whitsunday	No timing restrictions
		Mary/Burnett	No timing restrictions
		SE Queensland	October to January
		102 00000000000000000000000000000000000	7
Broadcast	Up to 2.8	Queensland dryland	June to August
spray, post-	kg/ha	Cape York	October and November
sowing pre-		Northern Gulf	October and November
emergence		Northern Territory	October and November
(peanuts)		Wet Tropics	October to December
.,		Burdekin	September and October
		Mackay/Whitsunday	August to December
		Mary/Burnett	April to January
		SE Queensland	Use not supported

Appendix 2: Application and timing restrictions for application to pastures						
DO NOT apply above maximum rate below OR label rate, whichever is LOWEST						
Pastures	<u>State</u>	Summer	<u>Autumn</u>	<u>Winter</u>	Spring	
(prior to	Queensland & NT	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	

sowing,	New South Wales & ACT	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
conservation	Victoria	0.4	1.3	4.0	1.3
tillage)	Tasmania	0.4	1.0	2.8	1.3
kg/ha	South Australia	0.9	1.3	4.0	2.8
	Western Australia	1.3	2.8	4.0	2.8
Pastures	<u>State</u>	Summer	<u>Autumn</u>	Winter	Spring
(established)	Queensland & NT	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6
kg/ha	New South Wales & ACT	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6
	Victoria	0.7	1.5	5.6	2.8
	Tasmania	0.5	1.3	4.0	2.5
	South Australia	1.2	2.5	5.6	4.0
	Western Australia	2.8	4.0	5.6	4.0

Appendix 3: T	Appendix 3: Timing restrictions for spraying SUGARCANE					
Rate (kg/ha)	Region	Timing Restriction				
		DO NOT APPLY DURING THE MONTHS				
Up to 1.35	Wet Tropics	No timing restriction				
kg/ha	Burdekin	No timing restriction				
	Mackay/Whitsunday	October to November				
	Mary/Burnett	October to November				
	Northern NSW	No timing restriction				
Up to 2.79	Wet Tropics	No timing restriction				
kg/ha	Burdekin	No timing restriction				
	Mackay/Whitsunday	October to November				
	Mary/Burnett	October to November				
	Northern NSW	No timing restriction				

Appendix 4: Application restrictions for TURF					
DO NOT apply above	maximum rate (kg/ha) below OR labe	el rate, whichever is LOWEST			
	State Rate (kg/ha)				
	Queensland & NT	2.5			
	New South Wales & ACT	2.5			
Turf	Victoria	2.0			
	Tasmania	2.0			
	South Australia	2.0			
	Western Australia	3.2			
If applying to golf cou bodies.	rses in Tasmania, DO NOT apply to fa	irways adjacent to natural water			

Appendix 5: Risk mitigation measures for Dryland cropping, pre-emergent uses

Situation	Risk mitigation measures
Dryland cropping, Preparatory spray	Only apply in no-till farming systems (Tasmania, South Australia)
Winter cereals, pre- emergence uses	Only apply in no-till farming systems (Tasmania, South Australia, Western Australia)
Summer cereals, pre- emergent uses	Only apply in no-till farming systems (Tasmania, South Australia)

